

## SYLLABUS

<b>Basic data case</b>			
<b>Academic Unit:</b>	<b>Faculty of Tourism and Environment</b>		
<b>Course Title:</b>	<b>Tourism geography</b>		
<b>level:</b>	<b>Bachelor</b>		
<b>Course Status:</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>		
<b>Year of study:</b>	<b>III</b>		
<b>Number of hours per week:</b>	<b>4</b>		
<b>Credits - ECTS:</b>	<b>5</b>		
<b>Time / location:</b>			
<b>The teacher of the course:</b>			
<b>Contact details:</b>			
<b>Course Description</b>			
	<i>This course provides to students an overview on the development of tourism through different periods of time and also provides geographical distribution of tourism in the world. Students will also informs of tourist motives, tourist facilities, recreational and attractive spaces.</i>		
<b>Objectives of the course</b>			
	<i>The main aim of this module is to analyze and study the economic, environmental and social tourism. A review of the geographical distribution of tourism, travel types, and the impacts of tourism on the natural environment and local populations.</i>		
<b>Learning outcomes:</b>			
	<p><i>Upon successful completion of this module, students will be able to:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>• understand and describe the spatial patterns of international and domestic tourism.</i></li> <li><i>• calculate the economic impact of tourism in geographic areas.</i></li> <li><i>• identify national and regional tourist attraction.</i></li> <li><i>• identify tourism and opportunities for tourism development.</i></li> </ul>		
<b>Burdened student contribution in (which is therefore must correspond with results Chat student caching)</b>			
<b>activity</b>	<b>hour</b>	<b>Day / week</b>	<b>Overall</b>
Lectures and exercises	4	15	60
Practical work			
Contacts with teacher / consultations	1	5	1
Field exercises			
Test , seminars			
Homework			
Self learning time student (at the library or at home)	3	10	30

Final preparation for the exam	3	10	30
Time spent on evaluation (tests, quiz, final exam)	2		2
Projects, presentations, etc.			
<b>Total</b>			<b>123</b>

<b>Teaching Methodology:</b>	<i>Lectures and exercises combined with case studies and class discussion</i>
	<i>Lectures, individual work, seminar papers, pre exam, essays, discussions, workshops, session 1 simulation</i>
<b>Assessment methods:</b>	<p>- I-st assessment: 0-30%</p> <p>- II-nd assessment 0-30%</p> <p>-Seminar paper 0-30%</p> <p>Or through final exam 100%</p> <p><i>Estimated final exam with 100% of the grade. The exam consists of questions with possible answers, open questions, and a case study.</i></p>

#### Literature

<b>Basic literature:</b>	<p>1. Prof.Dr. Dhimitër Doka, Prof.Dr. Bilal Draçi GJEOGRAFIA TURISTIKE - shtëpia botuese e librit universitar Tiranë, 2012.</p> <p>2. Prof. Assoc. Dr.Fetah Reçica &amp; Dr. sc. Bedri Millaku „HYRJE NË TURIZEM“ Prishtinë 2014.</p>
<b>Additional literature:</b>	<p>3. GJEOGRAFIA TURISTIKE e Shqipërisë - shtëpia botuese e teksteve mësimore, Tiranë 2014.</p> <p>4. M.Gashi „ Bazat e turizmit“ Prishtinë 1986.</p> <p>Koja V., Gorica K.( 2004) Bazat e turizmit, Shtëpia botuese e librit universitar, Tiranë</p> <p>5. Gorica K., Kocollari N.(2002) Produkti turistik, Tiranë.</p> <p>Goeldner Ch., Ritchie B.(2006) Tourism: principles, practices, philosophies, Hoboken, New Jersey</p> <p>6. Kesar O., Pirjevac B.(2002) Počela turizma, Mikrorad – Ekonomski fakultet, Zagreb</p> <p>7. Sharpley R.( 2006) Travel and tourim, SAGE Publications, London.</p>

#### Designed learning plan:

Week	Turn lecture to be held
<b>Week One:</b>	<i>Introducing the students to course content, evaluation and assessment, design of seminar paper, as well as familiarity with the relevant literature on the subject.</i>
<b>Week two:</b>	<p><i>Meaning geographic tourism</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Tourism as a geographical object of study.</i></li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Country geography among other sciences studying tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>Problems of geography study tour.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Three:</b>	<p><i>Natural geographic and tourism elements.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Spare-primary natural potentials resort to a region potentiality</i></li> <li>• <i>Relieve the firms you as a driver for tourist movement.</i></li> <li>• <i>Elements resort natural climatic factor.</i></li> <li>• <i>Climate areas and forms of tourism that are developed in these areas.</i></li> <li>• <i>Water resources as conditions for tourism development.</i></li> <li>• <i>Flora and tourist fauna- their function.</i></li> <li>• <i>Relations between tourism and environment - Preservation of the environment.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Four:</b>	<p><i>Geographical elements-cultural and tourism</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Cultural property, part of the primary tourist offer.</i></li> <li>• <i>Anthropogenic motives as an important factor of tourist offer.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Five:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>cultural objects to their historical and tourist importance.</i></li> <li>• <i>Assessment of tourism ethnosociale motives.</i></li> <li>• <i>craft products as a form of tourist trade.</i></li> <li>• <i>secondary and tertiary tourism potential, its elements in the geographical study of tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>Spare-secondary tourism potential of geographical study of tourism-infrastructure.</i></li> <li>• <i>Relationship between the economy and tourism geographical.</i></li> <li>• <i>Population as an important element in the development of tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>Tertiary tourism potential with its elements geographical study of tourism.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Six:</b>	<p><i>Tourism potential secondary and tertiary elements of its geographical study of tourism.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Spare-secondary tourism potential of geographical study of tourism-infrastructure.</i></li> <li>• <i>Relationship between the economy and tourism geographical.</i></li> <li>• <i>Population as an important element in the development of tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>tertiary tourism potential with its lementet geographical study of tourism.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Seven:</b>	<i>Test I</i>
<b>Week Eight:</b>	<i>Criteria for Classification of forms and types of tourist</i>

	<p><i>movements.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Balneary tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>Urban tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>Tourism transit.</i></li> <li>• <i>rural tourism,</i></li> <li>• <i>Mountain tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>Tourism congressman.</i></li> <li>• <i>Cultural Tourism</i></li> <li>• <i>Religious Tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>winter sports tourism etc.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Nine:</b>	<p><i>Methodological problems in handling geographic tourism.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Practical assessment of tourism potential.</i></li> <li>• <i>Methodology of work in the study of environmental skills for tourism development.</i></li> <li>• <i>models and cycles tourist areas today and in perspective.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Ten:</b>	<p><i>Geographical consequences and effects of tourism.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Geographical and economic consequences of tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>EFET demographic and social tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>The effects of tourism on settlements.</i></li> <li>• <i>The effects of tourism on transport.</i></li> <li>• <i>Problems of biodiversity and tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>Competition between nature conservation and tourism.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Eleven:</b>	<p><i>Regional aspects of tourism development in the world.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Geographical aspects of tourism in the world.</i></li> <li>• <i>TV areas and important areas of marine tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>European Alps important tourism -Area with white.</i></li> <li>• <i>important tourist area in the world, situations and concerns ecosystem tourism in Europe and the World .</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Twelve:</b>	<p><i>Tourism in Albania</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>The history of the development of tourism in Albania.</i></li> <li>• <i>Tourism-good opportunity for the economic development of Albania.</i></li> <li>• <i>Offers geographical-natural and Albania in the field of tourism.</i></li> <li>• <i>Offers geographical-cultural tourism in Albania.</i></li> <li>• <i>The relationship between the economy, population and tourism in Albania.</i></li> <li>• <i>Consequences and geographical effects of tourism in Albania.</i></li> <li>• <i>The problems of today and the future of tourism in Albania.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Thirteen:</b>	<p><i>Tourism in Kosovo</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Physical geographical conditions as attractive values.</i></li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Social and geographical conditions attractive value.</i></li> <li>• <i>tourist regions of Kosovo</i></li> <li>• <i>Central Pristina tourist region.</i></li> <li>• <i>Albanian Alps Tourist Region.</i></li> <li>• <i>Sharr Tourist Region</i></li> <li>• <i>Touristic region Anamorava</i></li> <li>• <i>Mitrovica tourist region and Shala e Bajgorës .</i></li> </ul>
<b>Week Fourteen:</b>	<i>Test II</i>
<b>Week Fifteen:</b>	<p><i>TOURIST OFFER OF KOSOVO</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Tourist fundamental values of Kosovo</i></li> <li>• <i>Legislation resort.</i></li> <li>• <i>Preparation of staff in catering and tourism, as well as their lack of management.</i></li> </ul> <p><i>The development of tourism in Kosovo some of the measures and for developing its activities.</i></p>

<b>Academic policies and rules of conduct:</b>
<i>Regular attendance, to maintain the peace and active engagement in dialogue during lectures and exercises is obligatory.</i>